HIGH-LEVEL TACTILE INSPECTIONS

SAMPLING PHASE 1 REPORT Doune Castle and Roman Camp **PIC061**



HISTORIC ENVIRONMENT SCOTLAND



Document Control

| Title: | High-Level Tactile Sample Inspection Project Phase 1 Report PIC061 Doune Castle and Roman Camp | | |
|-------------------|---|--|--|
| Authors: | | | |
| Document created: | September 2021 | | |
| Reviewed by: | | | |
| Date Reviewed: | 28/09/2021 | | |
| Approved by: | | | |
| Date of Approval: | 28/09/2021 | | |
| Version Number: | V0100 | | |

Version Control

| Version | Date | Status | Prepared by | Amendments |
|---------|------------|----------|-------------|-------------|
| V0001 | 09/09/2021 | Draft | | First draft |
| V0100 | 28/09/2021 | Approved | | Approved |
| | | | | |
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| HLTI Sampling | | | | | |
|----------------------|------------|----------------|----------------|------------|------------|
| PIC ID # ψ | PIC061 | Site name | Doune Castle & | Roman Camp | |
| Inspection start | 30/08/2021 | Inspection end | 01/09/2021 | Submission | 28/09/2021 |
| Lead HBFA | | | | | |
| Sample Inspectors | | | | | |

Introduction:

As a result of findings on the first four full site High Level Tactile Inspections, SMT endorsed an accelerated programme that will see high-level tactile sample inspection carried out initially to 16 sites identified as having a high risk potential. The Sample inspection for Doune Castle was carried out in accordance with HES Management of Risk Procedures as set out in High-level Fabric Policy and High level Tactile Inspection Procedures.

The Sample Inspection Report only reports on high level fabric risks within pre-determined areas and does not provide any assessment of risk in other areas on site.

Tactile inspections of 3 sample areas (North entrance, West facing internal courtyard wall, South facing internal courtyard wall - Eastern end) were initially agreed in advance by the T1 team and the Region and a two further areas were added (South facing internal courtyard wall - western end and East facing elevation of Kitchen tower) prior to commencing the inspection on site. The high level tactile inspections were completed using MEWPS and an existing design scaffold for the Kitchen tower elevation.

HLF Inspection Risk Matrix:

HES-T1C-HLF-RAS-X-X-V0200-RiskMatrix

| Consequence | | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------------|
| Prob | ability | No injury | Minor injury | Moderate injury | Major injury | Fatal or life-altering injury |
| 5 | Fabric fall almost certain | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| 4 | Fabric fall highly likely | 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 |
| 3 | Fabric fall likely | 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 |
| 2 | Fabric fall unlikely | 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 |
| 1 | Fabric fall highly unlikely | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

| RISK RATING | RISK SCORE RANGE | | |
|----------------|---------------------|--|--|
| High | 15-25 | | |
| Medium | 10-14 | | |
| Low | 1-9 | | |

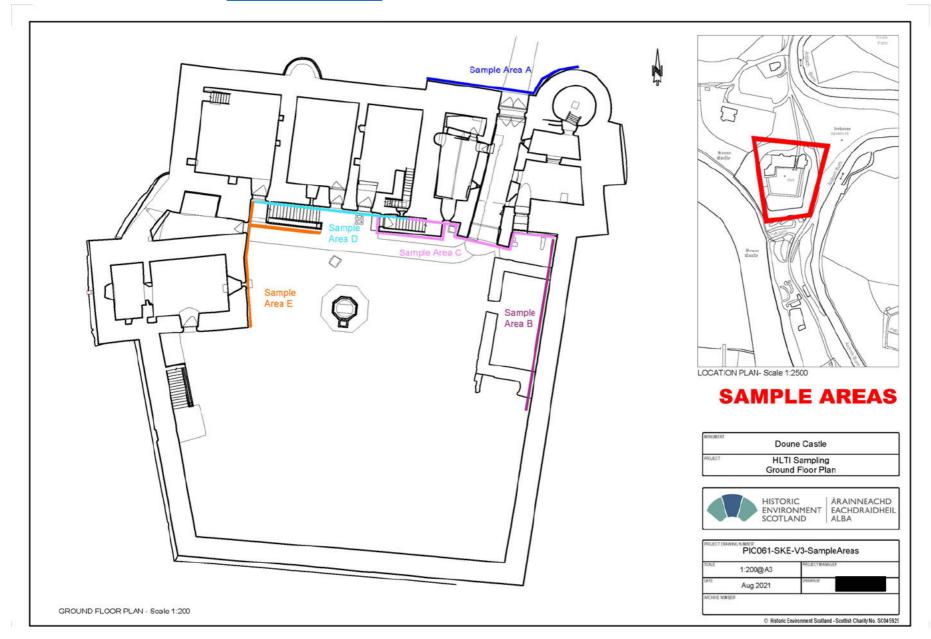


HLTI Sample Areas:

| Area: | Colour: | Sample Area Name: |
|-------|---------|--|
| А | | External North Elevation above main entrance and North West elevation of Tower |
| В | | West internal Elevation of Courtyard |
| С | | East half of South facing Courtyard wall |
| D | | South facing external elevation of Great Hall |
| E | | East facing external elevatin of Kitchen |



Click on link to open drawing in PDF viewer: PIC061-SKE-V3-SampleAreas



HLTI Sampling: Report - Summary dashboard



Key comments:

HLTI Sampling: Report - Summary dashboard

Doune Castle was inspected using a 33m MEWP for the North (external) elevation and a 22m MEWP for the internal areas, except the Kitchen tower, which was inspected from an existing design scaffold.

The most significant observations were found on the North external elevation, which contains the only entrance into and out of the Castle. Here, large stones where found to be loose on the wall head, extensive areas of delaminating stone and a large area of several square meters of de-bonded outer skin of the wall face within the tower to the left of the main extrance. The loose stones on the wall head and delaminating stone where addressed promptly by the MCU by rebedding and descaling, utilising the MEWP on site. The de-bonded outer skin of the wall is being managed by a risk assessment and controlled access until repairs can be made.

Elsewhere within the site, delaminating stone was prominent as well cracked and partially detached masonry. Defects that presented high level risk of falls were also found in new and recent repair work, where pinning stones had not been sercurely embedded and where repointing was not fully attached to the wall (bossed).

Where possible, Medium or High risk assessed issues where addressed by the MCU, utilising the MEWPS on site.

It is worth noting that High risks were found within all Sample Areas inspected except the Western end of the South facing courtyard wall and high risks found above the main entrance, both on the internal and external elevations.



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