



Careers activity

Traditional skills challenges

- 1. Brick bond building
- 2. Tools for the job

Main learning points:

- The heritage sector needs a range of traditional skills to look after historic sites
- There are several careers you can have using traditional skills
- Specific tools and skills are needed for the roles involved in traditional skills



Introduction: What are traditional skills?

Ask participants what kind of jobs might be needed to look after, repair and conserve historic sites.

Explain that a range of jobs are needed e.g

- stonemasons
- painters slaters
- joiners thatchers
- plumbers
- blacksmiths
- electricians

Explain that historic buildings were built using different materials and building techniques to modern buildings, so their repair needs a wide variety of specialist craft techniques.

It's vital that these skills are passed on so buildings can be repaired with the skill and attention they deserve and in ways which don't harm them.

One traditional skill is bricklaying. Bricks can be laid in different ways and the patterns are called bonds. This requires skill, attention to detail and accuracy.

Challenge 1 Brick bond building

Resources required:

- Wooden building blocks, LEGO bricks or mini model bricks
- Activity instructions (p4)
- Stanley Mills brickwork resource, printed (p3)

Activity: 💭^{*}

- Set out suitable, standard sized building resources (e.g. LEGO, wooden play blocks), and print outs of the **brickwork example**.
- Provide participants with the activity instruction sheet. They choose a type of bond and build a mini wall in that pattern. Once built, participants try building a mini wall in another type of bond.
- Participants discuss which was easier to build and what skills they think they used.

Challenge 2 Tools for the job

Resources required:

- Job, Tools, Skills challenge cards (p5-6)
- Activity instructions (p7)
- Activity explanation (p8)

Activity:

- Print and cut the Jobs, Tools and Skills cards.
- Mix them up, then lay them out randomly, face up, on a table.
- Provide participants with the **activity instructions**.
- Ask them look at the cards and match up the job with the right tool for that job, and the skill they think is needed to do that job.
- Provide participants with the **activity explanation** once they have completed the activity.

• Participants discuss

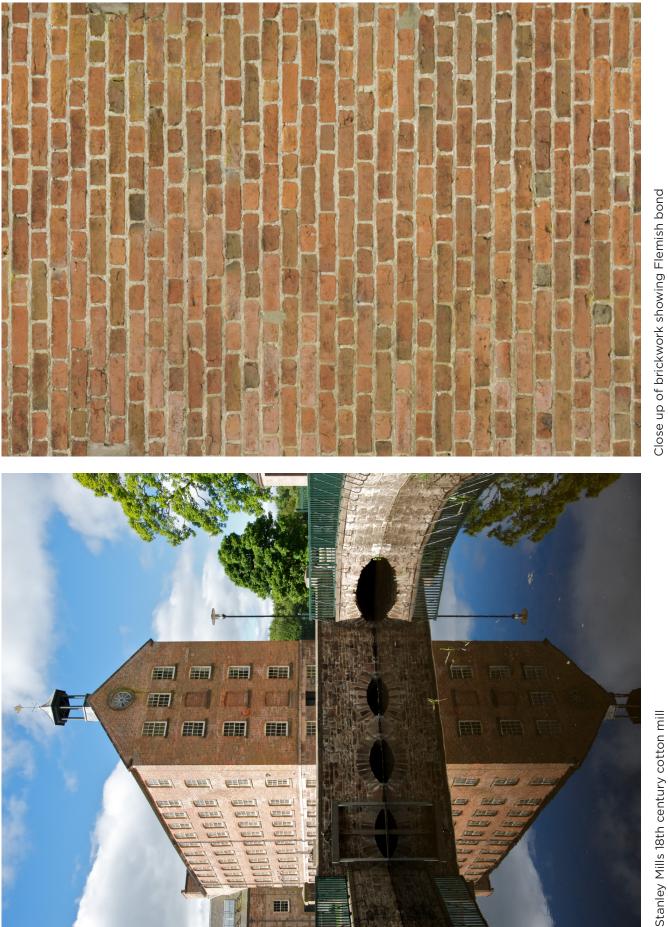
- what job(s) they think they would be good at
- what job(s) they have the skills for.



© F Davidson, HES Learning and Inclusion team



Challenge 1: Brick bond building **Stanley Mills brickwork**



Defending Scotland's Heritage Careers activity

Learner resource | 4

Activity instructions Brick bond building

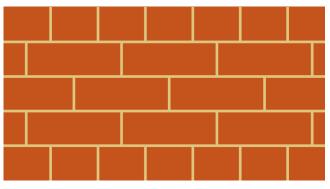
You will see lots of different types of brick bonds in Scotland. A brick bond is the pattern in which bricks are laid to create a wall. Bricks can be laid in two different ways: **stretcher** and **header**.



Have a look at the examples below of different types of brick bonds. Choose one and build a small wall in that pattern.

- Once you have finished, try building another.
- Discuss which one was easiest to build.
- What skills do you think would be needed to do this job?

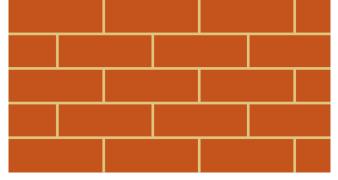
Brick bonds (patterns)



Scottish bond

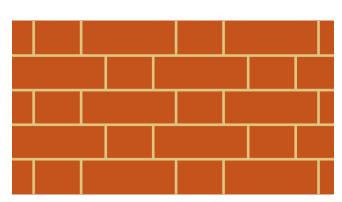
One course (layer) of headers to every three, four or five courses of stretchers.

This is usually the quickest bond to construct.



Stretcher bond

Stretchers are used for the whole of each course. Headers are only used as cornerstones (quoins) to help a wall stay structurally sound.



Stretcher: long side of a brick

Header: short end of a brick .

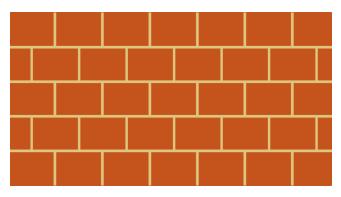
Hannah Houstor

 (\mathbf{O})

Flemish bond

Alternate between stretchers and headers across each course.

This looks nice, but how strong do you think it is?



Header bond

All the bricks are laid as headers.

This is the best bond to use if you want to make a curved wall.

#LearningWithHES

Challenge 2: Job cards

Job Blacksmith

Creates and shapes objects from iron

Job

Drystone waller

Builds stone walls in a traditional way

Job

Craft painter

Prepares and paints specialist surfaces

Job

Joiner

Works with, cuts and joins wood

roofs using straw

Job

Stonemason

Cuts and

carves stone

Job

Thatcher

Creates traditional

Job

Gardener

Grows and manages plants

Job

Roof slater

Builds and repairs roofs made of slate

Defending Scotland's Heritage Careers activity

Challenge 2: Skill cards



Learner resource | 6



Learner resource | 7

#Learning With HES

Activity instructions Challenge 2: Tools for the job

Different materials and techniques were used to build historic buildings compared to modern buildings. So, to repair them, we need lots of different specialist craft techniques.

It's really important that these skills are passed on so buildings can be repaired with the skill and attention they deserve and in ways which don't harm them now or in the future.

Many of the jobs involved in looking after historic buildings are known as **traditional skills** jobs.

What to do:



One set has the different **traditional skills jobs.**

The second set has a **skill** you need to do a job.

The third set has a **tool** needed to do a job.

2

4

#Learning WithHES

Match the job with the tool and skill needed.

Try to match up the job with the right tool and skill you think is needed. Beware! Some skills might be needed by more than one job.

3 Check your answers.

Discuss in your group:

Ask your group leader for the **activity explanation** to see how many you got right.



Which job do you think you would be good at?



Do you have any of the skills needed to do those jobs?



Which skills do you have?

Activity explanation Challenge 2: Tools for the job

Job	Skills	ТооІ	Tool image
Blacksmith	StaminaPrecision	Tongs For gripping the piece of metal being worked on	
Joiner	MeasuringPrecision	Saw For cutting wood	
Stonemason	 Precision Patience	Mell Type of hammer used with a metal chisel to cut stone	
Thatcher	 Patience Working at height 	Legget A flat headed paddle used to comb traditional thatch like straw	
Gardener	• Manual dexterity	Hand fork For weeding and breaking up earth	
Roof slater	 Working at height Measuring 	Slate axe For cutting and making holes in slates	
Craft painter	• Artistic	Mahl stick Stick with a padded head used to support the hand holding the paintbrush	
Drystone waller	 Problem solving Patience 	Walling hammer For shaping and putting stones in place	

All images, unless specified, are copyright Historic Environment Scotland or Crown Copyright HES.

#Learning With HES